

An interim report of the activities of the Fane Road Archaeological Group (2017 – 2019) and a Summary of the Test Pit Events carried out by Oxford Archaeology Outreach Team (2012 - 2016): Archaeological Evaluations

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**An interim report of the activities of the Fane Road Archaeological Group (2017 – 2019)
and a summary of the test pit events carried out by Oxford Archaeology Outreach team
(2012 - 2016): Archaeological Evaluations**

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Site Name	Fane Road Allotments
HER Event Nos	54101 and EPB702
Date of Works	From 2012 to 2019
Site Code	PETFAR
Prepared by	Phil Hill
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Table of Contents

Summary	p. 3
1. Introduction	p. 3
1.1 Location and scope of work	p. 4
1.2 Geology and topography	p. 5
1.3 Archaeological and historical background	p. 6
2. Aims and Methodology	p. 5
2.1 Aims	p. 5
2.2 Methodology	p. 6
3. Results	p. 6
3.1 OA East test pits	p. 6
3.2 FRAG test pits	p. 7
4. Finds Summary	p. 7
5. Discussion and Conclusions	p.11
Acknowledgements	p.12
References	p.14

Appendix A: Small Finds Report

Appendix B: Test pit descriptions and context inventory

Appendix C: Selection of section drawings

List of Figures

<i>Fig. 1</i>	<i>Site location map</i>
<i>Fig. 2</i>	<i>2012- 2016 Test Pit Location</i>
<i>Fig. 3</i>	<i>2017 and 2019 Test Pit Location</i>
<i>Fig. 4</i>	<i>2012- 2016 Test Pits of Interest</i>
<i>Fig. 5</i>	<i>Location of wall discovered in 2017 and 2019</i>
<i>Fig. 6</i>	<i>Drone image of wall in 2019 TP1</i>
<i>Fig. 7</i>	<i>West Facing Section of TP1 from 2019</i>
<i>Fig. 8</i>	<i>South Facing Section of TP11 from 2016</i>
<i>Fig. 9</i>	<i>North and East Facing Section of TP 4 from 2016</i>
<i>Fig.10</i>	<i>East Facing Section of TP18 from 2013</i>

List of Plates

<i>Plate 1</i>	<i>Front cover; Drone image of east to west wall exposed in TP1 2019.</i>
<i>Plate 2</i>	<i>TP3 from 2016 looking East across a possible metallised surface</i>
<i>Plate 3</i>	<i>Working shot of TP2 from 2019</i>
<i>Plate 4</i>	<i>Two Copper Alloy small finds from TP1 from 2019</i>

Summary

Between 2012 and 2016 Oxford Archaeology East Outreach Team carried out an evaluation by test pitting at the Fane Road Allotment Site, Fane Road, Walton, Peterborough. This was followed by further test pitting at the same site conducted between October 2017 and May 2019 by the Fane Road Archaeology Group. The two evaluations succeeded in locating a substantial east-west aligned wall and hypocaust dated to the Romano-British period, which are likely to be part of the southern wing of a previously identified villa at Itter Park.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Location and scope of work

Between 2012 and 2016 Oxford Archaeology East (OA East) Outreach Team carried out an evaluation by test pitting at the Fane Road Allotment Site, Fane Road, Walton, Peterborough (*Figs. 1, 2 and 4*). This was followed by further test pitting at the same site conducted between October 2017 and May 2019 by the Fen Road Archaeology Group (*Fig. 3*).

The aim was to further define the character and extent of the Itter Crescent villa which had been previously investigated between 2011 and 2014.

1.2 Geology and topography

The site sits at around 11m AOD. The underlying geology is a limestone cornbrash formation, the upper levels are very heavily truncated by cultivation with between 30 and 40cm of dark brown silty clay mixed with all manner of modern demolition type 'rubbish' (ceramic wall tiles, plasterboard, bricks, etc.) – this being used to improve soil drainage by allotment holders. A further complication is the periodic use of imported topsoil and/or compost which is regularly spread on the allotments to varying depths.

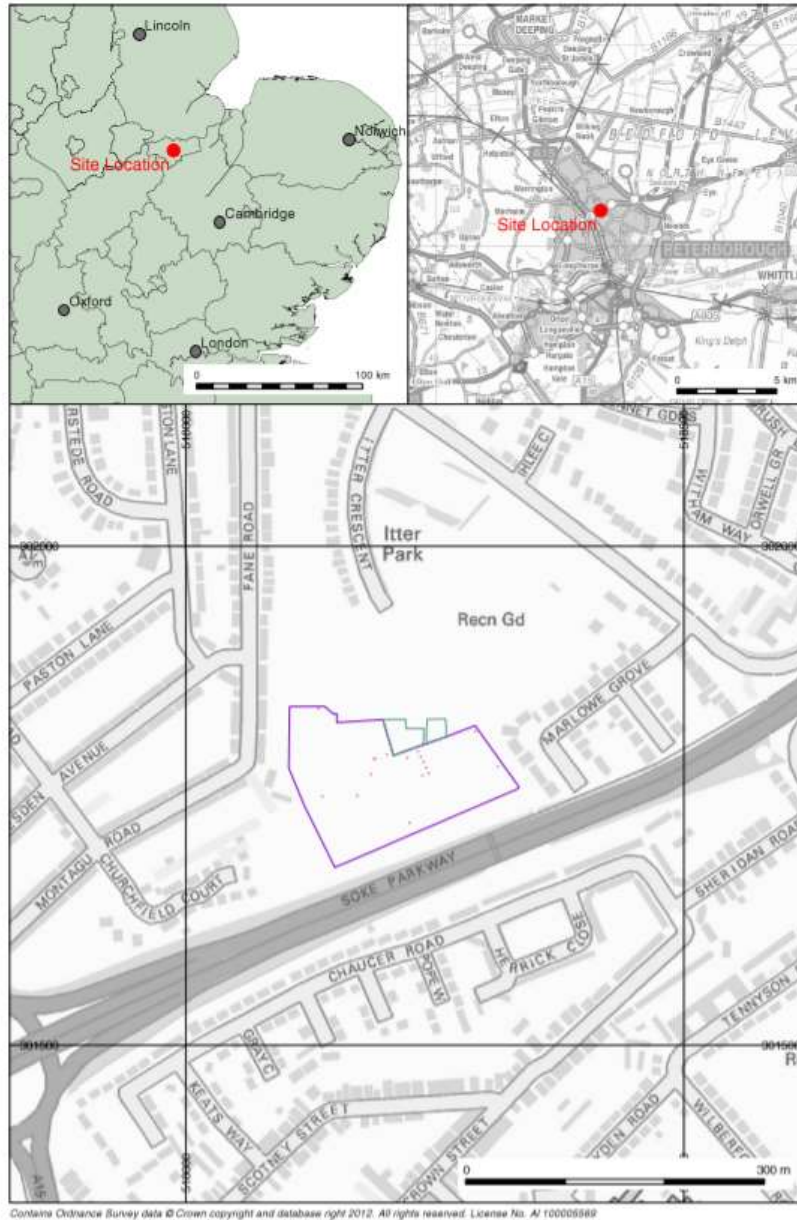


Figure 1. Site location map.

1.3 Archaeological and Historical Background

The general archaeological and historical background to the investigation has been provided elsewhere (Henley S. Lyons A. & Pickstone A. 2012).

With reference to the site, an Iron Age enclosed settlement and a Romano-British villa were discovered at Itter Crescent through an evaluation by trial trenching carried out by Oxford Archaeology East (OA East) in August of 2011 in advance of residential development. The evaluation was followed by targeted open area excavation which was completed in December 2011 (site code PETITC11 - Henley S. Lyons A. & Pickstone A. 2012). The post-excavation report summary concluded that the remains of the villa complex appeared to continue beyond the southern baulk into the adjacent allotment site.

Subsequently, OA East Outreach Team coordinated a Heritage Lottery funded community excavation in the Fane Road Allotment site during May and June of 2014 (site code PETRFR14, event number 53919), as part of *The Romans of Fane Road* project. Three areas were opened up and excavated immediately south of the 2011 excavation area. Further evidence of Iron Age and Romano-British activity was found (Fairbairn J. 2015).

OA East Outreach Team also coordinated a number of test pit evaluations on the allotment site from 2012 to 2016 to further characterise the nature and extent of the Iron Age activity on the site, and to phase the development of the villa complex. For the most part these were funded by The Perse School, and were to provide excavation opportunities for the school's Archaeology Club under the supervision of Jigsaw Cambridgeshire and coordinated by OA East. A total of 49 pits were excavated (*Figs. 2 and 4*). In 2017 and 2019 a further six test pits were excavated by FRAG. This report summarises the results of the test pit campaigns of 2012-2016 and 2017-2019 (*Fig. 3*).

2. AIMS AND METHODOLOGY

2.1 Aims

The main objective of the evaluations was to determine as far as reasonably possible the quality, condition and significance of any surviving archaeological deposits within the subject area, and to continue to investigate the extent of the Iron Age settlement and Romano-British villa.

The initial aim of the OA East test pit evaluations (2012-2016) was to establish the extent and nature of any further Iron Age and Romano-British remains in the allotments. To this end test pits were spread all over the allotment site. The main aim of the FRAG test pit evaluations was to confirm the location and extent of the southern wing of the villa, and to locate the southern extent of the villa bath-house, as identified in 2012-2016.

2.2 Methodology

The test pit evaluations were carried out, for the most part, during early spring and early autumn of each year from 2012 through to 2016 and then in October 2017 and May 2019. A high pressure gas pipeline is located immediately south of the 2014 excavation area. An easement of 6m was agreed between OAE and CADENT for the gas pipeline, due to the employment of a mechanical excavator to strip the topsoil.

All test pits were excavated by hand. Originally, the 49 test pits excavated by OA East were 1m by 1m, although those containing archaeological features were subsequently extended. FRAG six test pits started as 1m by 2m but again were extended as features were uncovered. In the earlier campaigns the OA East test pits were located only where FRAA members had granted permission to excavate in their allotments.

The FRAG test pits were located where the previous test pitting had indicated the presence of potential archaeological features and/or deposits.

Spoil, exposed surfaces of features and buried deposits were visually scanned and scanned with a metal detector. With the exception of the modern materials, all metal-detected and hand-collected finds were retained for further study.

All archaeological features and deposits were recorded using OA East/FRAG proforma sheets. Trench locations, plans and sections were recorded at appropriate scales (1:10, 1:20, & 1:50) and digital photographs were taken of all relevant features and deposits.

Pottery analysis was carried out by OA East in house specialists and by FRAG members through direct evaluation using ‘comparison’ sets compiled from JIGSAW Cambridgeshire literature (Lyons A, 2013a and 2013b Fletcher C, 2013) and by reference to the Study Group for Roman Pottery’s fabric reference handbook (<https://romanpotterystudy.org.uk/nrfrc/base/index.php>).

No environmental samples were collected during any phase of these excavations but comprehensive environmental sampling and analysis was carried out during the 2011 and 2014 OAE excavations (Henley S. Lyons A. & Pickstone A. 2012 & Fairbairn J. 2015).

The site archive is currently held by FRAG and will be deposited with Peterborough Museum and Art Gallery in due course and/or returned to the landowner (Peterborough City Council) for dispersal, in accordance with the museum’s discard policy.

3. RESULTS

The evaluations were carried out as two related campaigns, the first under OA East supervision between 2012 and 2016, and the second by FRAG in 2017 and in 2019. The results have been presented together.

3.1 OA East Test Pits (2012-2016) (*Figs. 2 and 4*)

A total of 49 test pits were excavated under the supervision of OA East outreach team. Test pits were excavated in 10cm spits with each spit being recorded as an individual context. Of these 49, almost 70% failed to get through the heavily cultivated layer of the upper 30cm, and in some test pits modern nails and ceramic wall tiles were still found to a depth of 40cm. Only 8 test pits (15%) reached a depth of 40cm or more. Only three test pits (TP1 in 2012, TP22 in 2013 and TP3 in 2015) failed to produce any Iron Age or Romano-British (RB) pottery. Two produced Iron Age as well as RB pottery, the other 44 contained RB pottery; all contained modern ‘debris’ in the form of nails, or other ferrous objects, batteries, light bulbs etc. The most numerous modern finds were ceramic wall and floor tiles, household bricks and nails.

Two test pits (TP 17) opened in 2013 exposed possible rubble wall foundations and one (TP 3) excavated in 2016 a possible ‘metalled’ surface (Plate 2 below).



Plate 2. Possible metalled surface, TP3 in 2016 looking east.

3.2 FRAG Test Pits (2017-2019) (Figs. 3 and 5)

In 2017 and in 2019 FRAG excavated a total of six 1m by 2m test pits. The four 2017 test pits were located adjacent to the 2014 excavation area, and to the north of the easement agreed with CADENT for the gas main running through the site. The locations were carefully chosen to maximise the possibility of locating the conjectural southern wing of the villa. Having established that the upper 30cm of soil was heavily cultivated and mixed with modern ‘debris’, only pre-modern finds were retained from this layer. Three of the four test pits (TP2, TP3 and TP4) exposed demolition rubble across their entire surfaces at 40cm. In TP1 a substantial wall was located at 50cm below the surface. This was interpreted as a north-south running wall with evidence for a hypocaust channel and therefore part of the southern range of the villa.

In 2019 only two test pits were excavated. TP1 was directly over the 2017 TP1 but extended to the west (Fig. 6). Some three metres of length of the wall first located in 2017 were exposed. The wall ran east-west and was 60cm wide. As well as rubble foundations, faced stones of the elevation remained in situ. Immediately south of this wall was a second rubble foundation which may have been the remains of an external hypocaust furnace.

The 2019 TP2 was positioned in the area previously excavated in 2014 and was an attempt to re-locate a possible bath/plunge pool. At a depth of 40cm a grey, burnt ‘charcoal’ layer first identified in 2014 was re-exposed. A sondage was excavated through this burnt layer which was found to be 2cm thick over a pale orangey-yellow colour mortar floor 5cm thick (see plate 3 below). There was evidence for repair with a partial roof Tegula mortared into the surface. An edge to the mortar floor was exposed where a wall had been robbed away.



Plate 3. Working shot of TP2 in 2019 from the south west showing burnt layer with mortared floor beneath. The 2014 ROFR terram is visible. A 4" archaeologists trowel is used for scale.

4. FINDS SUMMARY

Pottery Periods

IA	Iron Age pottery
RB	Romano-British pottery
Med	Medieval
PMed	Post medieval pottery
Mod	Modern

Pottery Types

NV	Nene Valley
NVCC	Nene Valley colour coated wares
GrW	Grey wares
CrW	Cream Wares
Sam	Samian Wares
SanW	Sand Tempered Wares
Mort	Mortaria
ShW	Shell tempered Wares

Other Ceramic Finds

CP	Clay pipes
Und	Undiagnostic Ceramic Building Material
Imb	Imbrex
Teg	Tegula
Flue	Hypocaust flue tiles

The following tables (*Tables 1-2*) show the analysis of ceramic finds broken down into types from the 2012-2016 test pits.

Type	Pottery by 'period'					Ceramic Building Materials			
	IA	RB	PMed	Mod	CP	Und.	Imb.	Teg.	Flue
Number	6	381	15	107	18	805	34	68	40
Weight (g)	100	3,676	101	1,110	40	25,242	3,543	5,264	2,451
Avg. (g)	16.7	9.64	7	10.37	2.22	31.35	104.20	77.41	61.25

Table 1 2012-2016 ceramic finds by type

Type	NV	NVCC	GrW	CrW	Sam	SanW	Mort	ShW	Total
Number	13	104	148	17	3	3	1	92	381
% of total	3	27	39	4	1	1	1	24	100
Weight (g)	126	710	1,407	222	17	42	18	1,134	3,676
% of total	3	19	38	6	1	2	1	30	100
Avg. (g)	9.69	6.82	9.50	13.05	5.66	14	18	12.32	9.34

Table 2: 2012-2016 Romano-British Pottery by Type

The most common pottery type recovered from all of the 2012-2016 test pits, both in terms of frequency and weight is the Romano-British greyware (*Table 2*). This coarse ware generally makes up around 80% of all Roman pottery found in Britain (Lyons A, 2013a). Perhaps more noteworthy is the lack of medieval types from the assemblage, as there are no materials dating from the Roman period up to the 17th century.

The following tables (*Tables 3 and 4*) show the analysis of ceramic finds broken down into type from the 2017-2019 test pits. Due to the heavily contaminated nature of the upper 30cm of soil on the allotment site nothing was collected from these layers. TP1 from 2017 and 2019 was located in broadly the same position but enlarged slightly in 2019.

Type	Pottery by 'period'					Ceramic Building Materials			
	IA	RB	Med	Mod	CP	Und	Imb.	Teg.	Flue
Number	0	128	2	0	1	453	3	8	7
Weight (g)	0	1,559	12	0	4	14,097	353	3020	1200
Avg.	0	12.17	6	0	4	31.11	117.66	377.5	171.42

Table 3: 2017-2019 ceramic finds by type

Type	NV	NVCC	GrW	CrW	Sam	SanW	Mort	ShW	Total
Number	9	24	59	5	1	8	1	21	128
% of total	7	18	46	4	1	6	2	16	100
Weight (g)	62	267	624	108	21	78	141	255	1,556
% of total	4	17	41	7	1	5	9	16	100
Avg.(g)	6.88	11.12	10.57	21.6	21	9.75	141	12.14	12.1

Table 4: 2017-2019 Romano-British ceramic by type

As with the 2012-2016 assemblage, the dominant pottery type is the Romano-British greyware. The two sherds of medieval pottery are Lyveden type B ware (1225-1400) and came from a depth of 35cm from TP1 in 2019. Other than the post medieval and modern finds, the assemblage is broadly similar to that from the 2012-2016 test pits, bearing in mind that the majority of the later test pits were excavated through backfill or ignoring the upper 30cm of disturbed cultivated soil. As with the 2012-16 assemblage there is nothing to contradict the findings of the 2011 and 2014 excavations (Henley S, Lyons A, & Pickstone J, 2012; Fairbairn J, 2015).

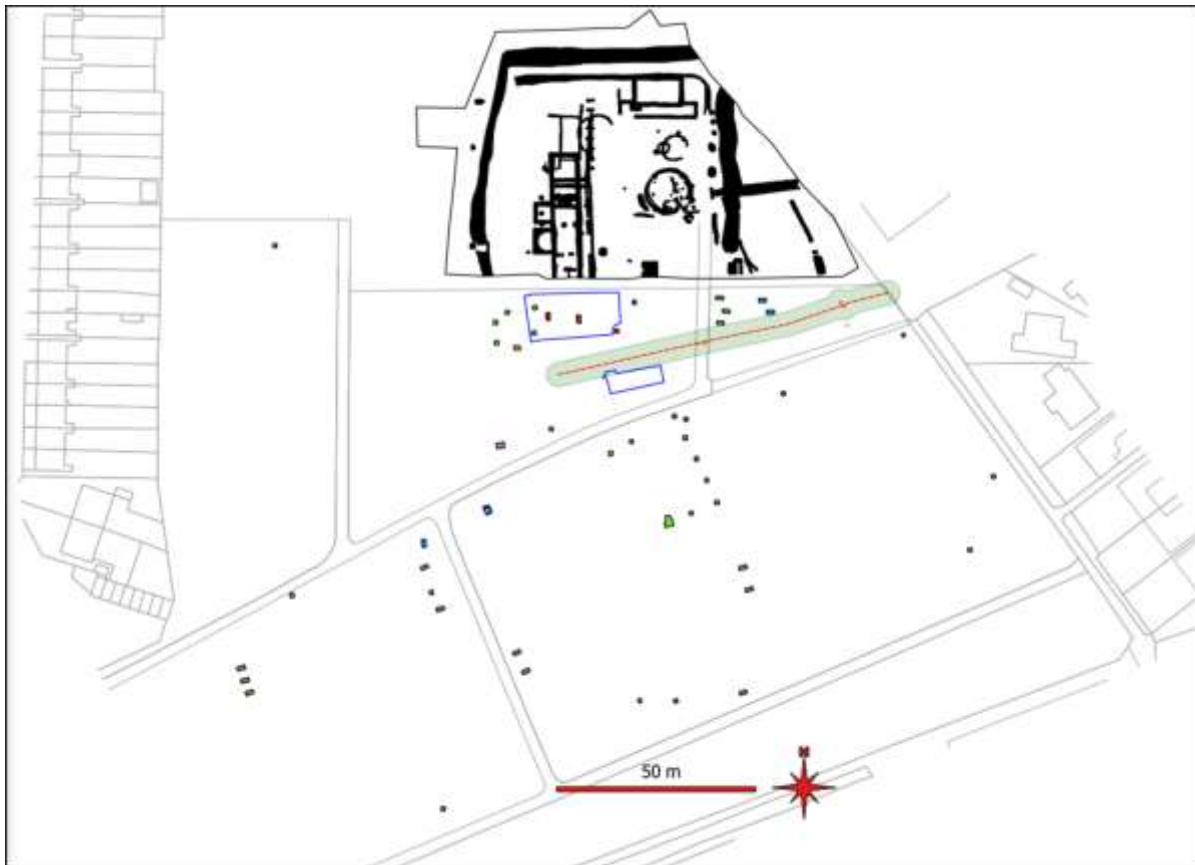


Figure 2. 2012- 2016 Test Pit Locations in relation to the 2011 and 2014 Excavations.

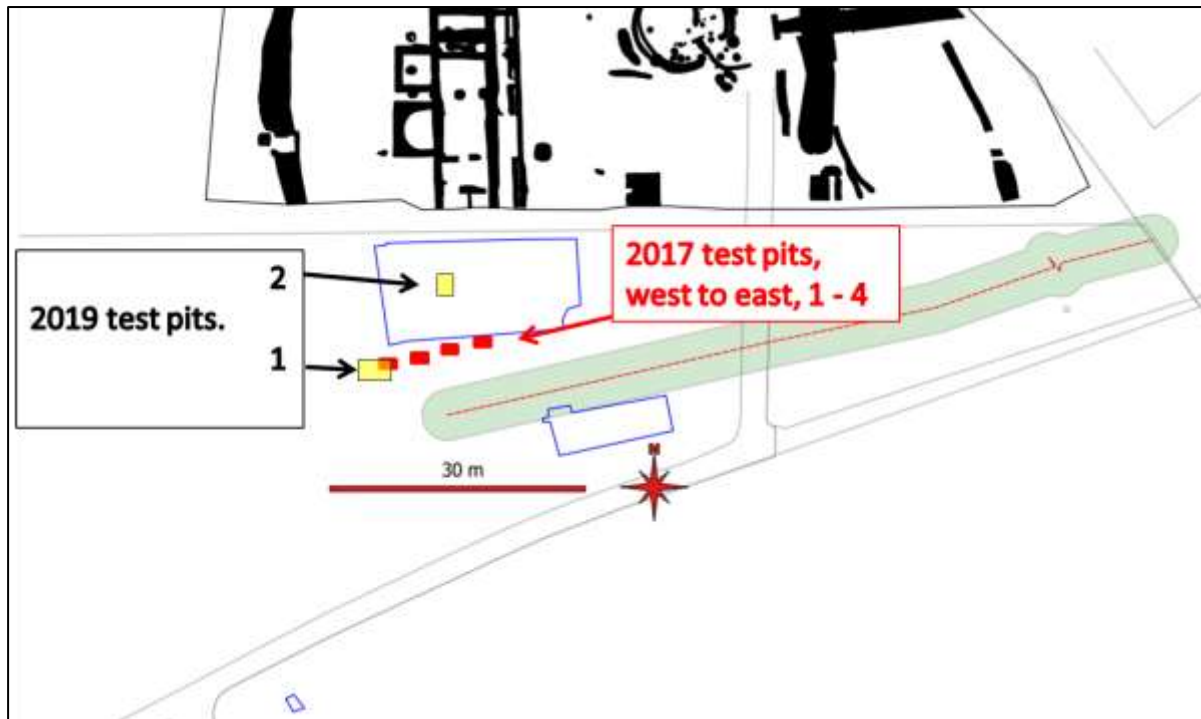


Figure 3. 2017-2019 Test Pit Location in relation to the 2011 and 2014 Excavations.

5. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

All but one of the 49 test pits excavated between 2012 and 2016 produced evidence of Iron Age and Romano-British occupation. Only two test pits contained structural remains (Fig. 4). One of these was interpreted as a ‘metalled’ surface although the appearance was similar to natural cornbrash. The second had rubble wall foundations or collapsed material in association with a cobbled surface.

All four of the 2017 test pits produced structural evidence; the three immediately south of the 2014 trench came down on a spread of building rubble and the fourth (TP1) contained a substantial wall. This was revisited in 2019 and the wall was investigated further. This wall is around 60cm wide and was exposed for three metres in length (Figs. 5 and 6). There is evidence on both sides of this wall for heating or hypocaust channels.

The most significant discovery from all the test pits is the wall found in 2017 and 2019; this wall section is much further west and south than any other part of the villa. Also worthy of note is the possible wall/foundations discovered in 2012.

The evaluations have confirmed that the Itter Crescent Roman Villa has regional and, possibly, national significance. Its southern extent is still unknown. However, the wall/rubble discovered in 2012 over 60m south of the main body of the villa may be part of the larger villa complex. Similarly the southern extent of the Iron Age enclosure has never been identified.

Acknowledgements

FRAG would like to thank the Committee and Members of the Fane Road Allotment Association (FRAA) without whose permission none of the activities would have taken place, the Committee and Members of The Friends of Itter Park for offering the use of the welfare facilities in the park, and Peterborough City Council archaeologist; Dr Casa-Hatton and Peterborough City Council Property Records Co-ordinator Helen Roberts and Estates Surveyor Helen Harris. Thanks are also due to The Perse School Archaeological Club and Dr Adrian Roberts, staff from OA East for their generous support, JIGSAW Cambridgeshire for assistance with equipment and materials, and all the volunteers for their great efforts and commitment.

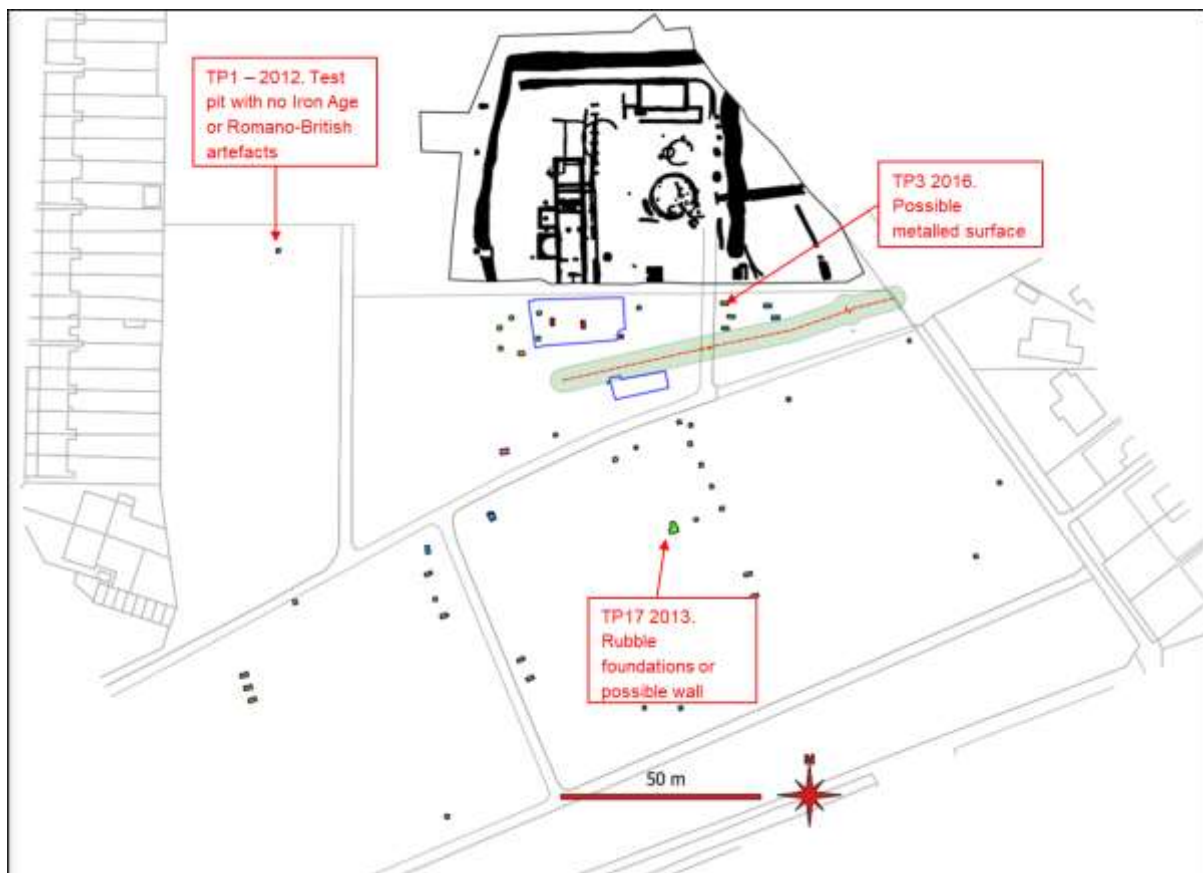


Figure 4. 2012- 2016 Test Pits of Interest.

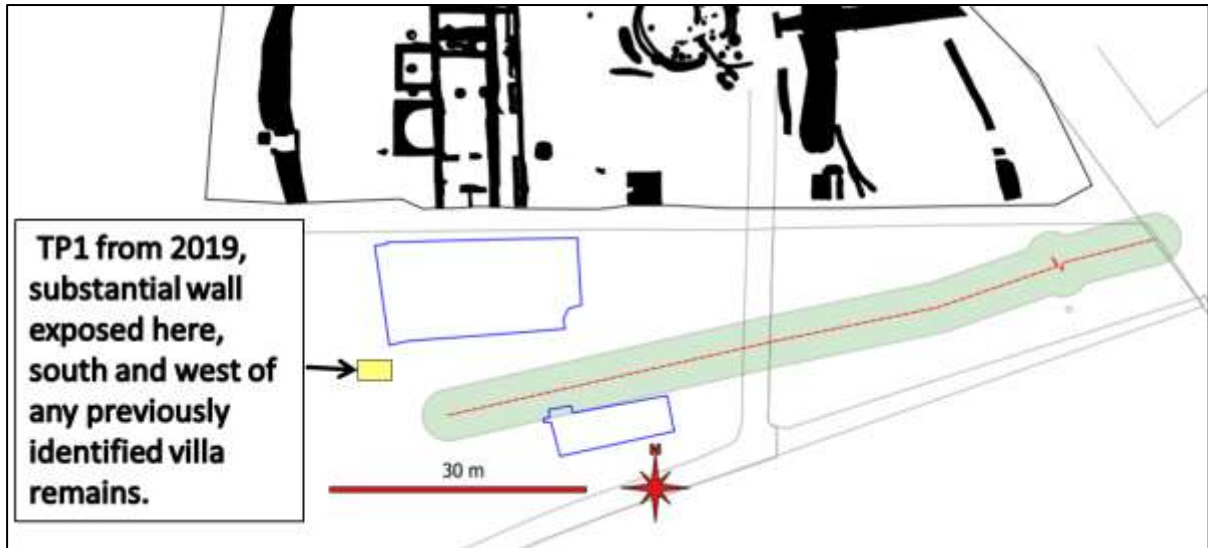


Figure 5. Location of wall discovered in 2017 and 2019.

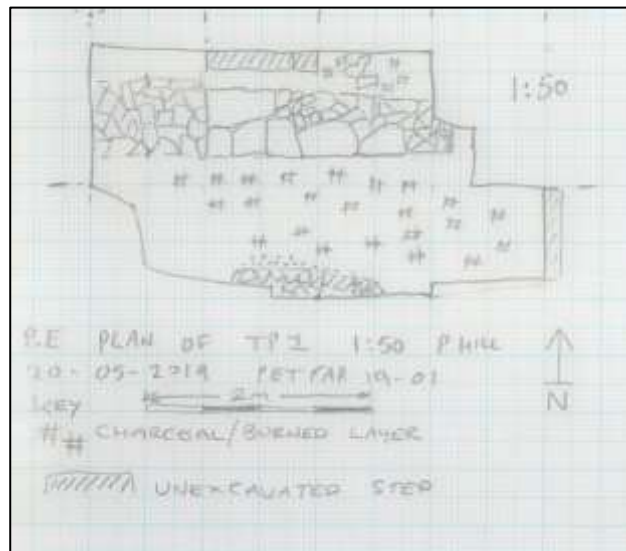


Figure 6. Post excavation plan of wall in 2019 TP1.

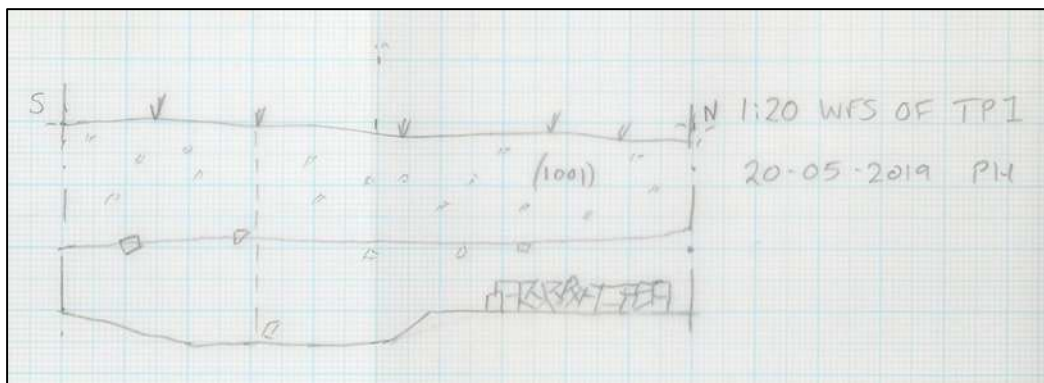


Figure 7. West Facing Section of TP1 2019. Allotment topsoil (1001) varies between 36 and 40cm deep.

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Appendix A: Small Finds Report

Only two metal objects of any significance have been recovered from the FRAG test pits (Plate 1). Both are copper alloys found adjacent to the wall in 2019 TP1. The top item is a stud or rivet. It would have been used on an item of furniture perhaps to fasten leather on to a timber frame. The second item may be a medical instrument or perhaps from a 'toilet set' for personal hygiene or cosmetics, or a stylus. Both items are manufactured from a very high grade of copper alloy (Pers. Comm. Denis Sami, OA East metal finds specialist).



Plate 4: Two Copper Alloy Objects found in 2019 TP1

Appendix B: Test Pit Descriptions and Context Inventory

A straightforward contextual analysis of the test pits excavated between 2012 and 2016 is difficult. The process of recording test pits was evolving to provide a system that was useable by novices with minimal supervision but that still captured the necessary information. For those five test pit campaigns at least three different methods were used to record the test pits. Numbering test pits similarly followed different conventions.

The process used initially was to excavate in 10cm spits and give each spit a context number associated with each test pit. For instance the top 10cm of test pit one was recorded as ‘TP1 101’, the second 10cm as TP1 102 etc. Hence ‘TP2 203’ would be 30cm down in test pit two. In 2013 the recording process was altered, the topsoil (around 30cm deep) was now recorded as context 1 but was subdivided into 10cm spits, so that TP20 2001.1 was the top 10cm spit. TP20 2001.2 was the 20cm spit etc. It is obvious from the test pit summary below that this system caused confusion with few test pits being recorded correctly. In 2015 the original process was re-instated.

Numbering was also not consistent. In 2012 test pits were numbered 1 – 16, however numbers 14, 15 and 16 were not excavated. In 2013 test pits were numbered 17 – 24 and in 2014 A, B, C & D were used. In 2015 test pits were numbered 1 – 9 although again not all test pits were excavated.

FRAG are also not in possession of all context sheets for each test pit.

Site Code: PETFAR 12

Test Pit 1	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;518132,301837
Context	Artefact	Weight (grams)	
101	Clay pipe stem x 1	1	
“	Mortar x 1	9	
Test Pit 2	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;518189,301786
Context	Artefact	Weight (grams)	
201	Modern nail x 1	2	
“	Iron fragment x 1 - modern	13	
“	CBM x 1	12	
“	Bone x 1 - Modern	2	
“	Clay pipe stem x 1	1	
“	Bone x 1	2	
“	Pot x 2 - Roman	6	
“	Pot x 1 - Modern	3	
202	Bone x 2	20	
“	Bone x 1	4	
“	Shell tempered ware x 3	7	

“	Samian x 1	2	
“	Nene Valley CC x 4	21	
“	Greyware x 6	45	
“	Pottery x 5 - Modern	15	
“	Pottery x 1 - post-Med	5	
“	CBM x 21	734	
203	Pot x 3 - Modern	22	
“	CBM x 33	1654	
“	Shell tempered ware x1	3	
“	Greyware x 4	36	
Test Pit 5	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.35m	Location; 518243,301772
Context	Artefact	Weight	
501	Tegula x 1	70	
“	Greyware x 1	2	
“	Post med x 1	7	
“	Pot x 1 - Modern	3	
502	CBM x 2	18	
503	CBM x 4	49	
“	Lead fragment x 1	2	
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	3	
“	Pottery x 1 - Modern	<1	
“	Pottery - x 1 – post-med	7	
“	Bone x 2	1	
504	Oyster Shell x 4	2	

Test Pit 6	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location; 518137,301749
Context	Artefact	Weight	
601	Pottery x 1 – post-Med	4	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	3	
“	Modern x 2	3	
“	Bone x 2	2	
“	CBM x 9	169	
602	Tesserae x 1- Ceramic	17	
“	Nene Valley CC x 3	3	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	3	

“	Greyware x 2	8	
“	Clay pipe stem	2	
“	Tegula x 5	289	
Test Pit 10	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.40m	Location; 518233,301794
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1001	Greyware x 1	7	
“	Slag x 1	7	
“	Melted Glass x 1	6	
“	Iron fragments x	9	
1002	Greyware x 2	9	
“	Mussel shell x 1	1	
1002	Greyware x 2	9	
“	Lava quern x 3	94	
“	Tooth x 1 - sheep	12	
“	Imbrex x 2	75	
“	Tegula x 2	161	
“	CBM x 2	31	
“	Tesserae x 3	10	
1003	Nene Valley CC x 1	4	
“	Greyware x 1	3	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	5	
“	Imbrex x 1	70	
“	Tesserae x 2 - Ceramic	16	
“	Modern nail x 1	3	
1004	Bone x 1	1	
“	Tegula x 2	277	
“	Box flue x 4	75	
“	Tesserae x 2 - Ceramic	17	
“	CBM x 5	28	
“	Imbrex x 1	30	
“	Modern Nail	6	
“	Greyware	3	
Test Pit 12	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location;518202,301791
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1201	Pottery x 5 - Modern	16	
“	Bone x 1	3	
“	Metal fragments x 2	26	
“	CBM x 3	9	

1202	Bone x 5	16	
“	Greyware x 3	10	
“	Tegula x 2	128	
“	Imbrex x 2	160	
“	Tesserae x 1	6	
“	CBM x 11	352	
Test Pit 13	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location; 518235,301788
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1301	CBM x 7	265	
“	Tesserae x 1	9	
“	Modern mortar x 1	7	
“	Greyware x 3	11	

Site Code: PETFAR 13

Test Pit 17	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location; 518231,301767
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1701.1	Clay pipe stem x1	2	Soft dark orangey brown silty clay. Frequent sub angular poorly sorted stones.
“	CBM x 4	76	
1702.1	Pottery x 1 - Modern	2	Soft dark orangey brown silty clay. Frequent sub angular poorly sorted stones. Frequent charcoal.
“	CBM x 4	70	
“	Box flue x 1	18	
1702.2	Bone x 1	4	
“	Shelly tempered ware x 1	32	
“	Bone x 1	4	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	32	
Test Pit 18	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location; 518217,301784
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1801.1	?	3	Soft md brown clayey silt. Rare sub angular stones, moderately sorted.
“	Bone x 1	2	
1801.2	Pottery x 4 - Modern	10	Soft md brown clayey silt. Rare sub angular stones, moderately sorted.
“	Greyware x 2	8	
1802.1	Cream ware x 2	6	Firm orangey brown sandy silt. Moderate sub angular stones, moderately sorted.
“	Greyware x 2	6	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	1	
1802.1	CBM x 2	11	Firm orangey brown sandy silt.
1802.2	CBM x 5	43	
“	Imbrex x 1	56	

“	Tegula x 6	88	
1802.3	Greyware x 1	16	Firm orangey brown sandy silt.
“	Bone x 1	3	
Test Pit 19	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location; 518186,301770
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1901	Box flue x 1	12	Loose mid brownish grey silty sandy clay? Moderate rounded, angular, sub angular poorly sorted flint and stones.
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	5	
“	Shel tempered ware x 1	11	
“	CBM x 16	383	
1902	Brick x 1 - Roman	322	Firm dark brown sandy clay.
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	15	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	8	
“	Tegula x 5	774	
1902A	Box flue x 1	64	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	31	
“	Shell tempered ware x 2	34	
“	Greyware x 1	5	
“	CBM x 7	268	
1902B	Bone x 1	1	
“	Tooth x 1 - Sheep	3	
“	Copper fragment x 1	1	
“	Nene Valley CC x 8	36	
1902	Shell tempered ware x 1	13	
“	Box flue x 1	30	
“	CBM x 20	252	
“	Greyware x 2	5	
1903	Whelk shell x 1	13	Friable yellowish brown sandy silt. Moderate poorly sorted sub angular stones.
“	Mussel shell x 2	2	
“	Oyster shell x 1	6	
“	CBM x 23	136	
“	Nene Valley CC x 10	34	
“	Sandy ware x 1	23	
“	Cream ware x 2	11	
“	Samian x 1	4	
“	Greyware x 3	11	
“	Imbrex x 2	111	

“	Tooth x 1 - sheep	7	
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1903	Brick x 1 - Roman	274	
“	Bone x 8	52	
“	Imbrex x 3	581	
“	Imbrex x 8	595	
“	Bone x 8	266	
“	CBM x 15	272	
“	Oyster shell x 11	244	
“	Whelk shell x 2	13	
“	Mussel shell x 2	3	
“	Tegula x 7	578	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	118	
“	Greyware x 11	246	
“	Nene Valley CC x 17	140	
1903.1	Greyware x 1	11	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	2	
“	Brick x 1 - Roman	303	
“	CBM x 12	399	
“	Bone x 1	1	
“	Tooth x 1 - cow	33	
“	Tegula x 6	191	
Test Pit 20	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth 0.40m	Location; 518198,301821
Context			
2001.1	Tesserae x 2 - Stone	39	
“	CBM x 3	48	
2001.2	Flue tile x 1	35	
“	CBM x 2	60	
2001.3	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	20	
“	CBM x 5	149	
2001.4	Imbrex x 1	32	
“	Box flue x 1	28	
“	Mortar x 3	22	
“	Tesserae x 4 - Ceramic	66	
“	Tesserae x 2 - Stone	37	
“	CBM x 27	692	
“	Greyware x 2	11	

“	Shell tempered ware x 2	10	
“	Box flue x 1	11	
“	Tegula x 1	243	
2001.4	Tesserae x 4	82	
2002.1	CBM x 18	493	
“	Box flue x 2	43	
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	35	
“	Shell tempered ware x 15	92	
“	Painted wall plaster x 1	11	
“	Mortar x 1	9	
“	Tesserae x 2	32	
“	Mortar x 1	12	
“	Bone x 1	6	
2003.1	Shell tempered ware x 6	90	
“	Box flue x 2	71	
“	Tesserae x 3 - Ceramic	13	
“	Imbrex x 2	84	
“	CBM x 20	331	
“	Teeth – cow x1 & sheep x1	9	
“	Bone x 18 -	53	
“	Shell tempered ware x 3	4	
“	Mortar x 1	39	
2003.2	Bone x 5	20	
“	Teeth x 2 - sheep	4	
“	CBM x 4	30	
2004.1	Bone x 2	6	
“	Pottery x 2 Iron Age?	160	
“	Bone x 1	3	
“	Tooth x 1 - sheep	6	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	17	
“	Mortar x 1	21	
“	Shell tempered ware x 6	71	
2004.2	Bone x 3	13	
“	Teeth x 2 - Sheep	6	
“	Shell tempered ware x 3	32	

“	Bone x 3	13	
2004.2	Shell tempered ware x 1	29	
“	Teeth x 2 - cow	6	
“	Pottery x 2 - Iron Age?	22	
2006.1	Teeth x 2 - cow	2	
“	Bone x 13	49	
Test Pit 21	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location; 518191, 301820
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2101.2	Brick x 1	105	Soft dark brown silty clay. Frequent angular well sorted stones.
“	CBM x 9	145	
“	Imbrex x 1	42	
“	Tooth – cow	3	
2101.3	Clay pipe stem x 1	1	Firm mid orangey brown clayey silt. Moderate rounded stones.
“	CBM x 23	319	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	2	
“	Bone x 2	13	
“	Tesserae x 2- Stone	31	
2102.1	Oyster shell x 3	11	Firm light brownish yellow sandy clay. Frequent sub angular stones.
“	Greyware x 2	5	
“	Bone x 2	3	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	4	
“	Pottery x 2 - Post med	18	
“	CBM x 10	90	
Test Pit 22	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.40	Location; 518188, 301812
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2201	CBM x 12	169	Mid reddish brown clayey silt – firm.
2201.2	CBM x 10	188	Firm mid reddish brown sandy silt. Frequent angular and rounded small stones, poorly sorted.
“	Flue tile x 1	71	
“	Clay pipe stem x 1	4	
2201.3	CBM x 8	193	
2202	Tufa x 1	63	Firm mid reddish brown clayey silt. Frequent angular stones poorly sorted.
“	Bone x 5	90	
“	Bone x 9	25	
“	Oyster shell x 1	10	
“	Tesserae x 4 - Stone	49	
“	Nene Valley x 7	81	

“	CBM x 4	188	
2203	Flue tile x 1	18	
Context	Artefact	Weight	
“	Roof tiles x 12	211	
2203.1	Greyware x 1	9	Firm mid reddish brown clayey silt.
“	Shell tempered ware x 2	7	Frequent angular poorly sorted stones.
“	Tesserae x 2 - Stone	23	
“	Nene Valley CC x 3	6	
“	Mortar x 1	13	
“	Oyster shell x 5	193	
“	Bone x 5	9	
“	Brick x 2 - Roman	291	
“	Tegula x 6	334	
“	CBM x 23	507	
2204	CBM x 48	1459	
“	Tegula x 2	156	
“	Shell tempered ware x 2	29	
“	Nene Valley CC x 6	13	
Test Pit 23	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location; 518197,301185
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2301	Bone x 1	10	Firm dark brown clayey silt. Frequent angular stones.
“	Box tile x 1	17	
“	Tesserae x 6 - Ceramic	74	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	4	
“	Clay pipe stem x 1	2	
“	Tegula x 1	61	
“	Imbrex x 1	67	
“	CBM x 20	277	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	22	
2302	Nails x 2	25	Firm mid brown clayey silt. Frequent angular stones poorly sorted.
“	Nene Valley CC x 5	73	
“	Greyware x 4	35	
“	Samian x 1	3	
“	Cream ware x 1	7	
“	Floor tile x 1	140	

“	Box flue x 3	274	Mid brown.
“	Tegula x 2	204	
“	Brick x 1 - Roman	219	
“	CBM x 20	495	
“	Imbrex x 1	53	
2303	Mortar x 2	65	
“	Modern Nail x 1	8	
“	Bone x 6	12	
“	Greyware x 9	52	
“	Shell tempered ware x 2	19	
“	CBM x 10	249	
“	Box flue x 1	42	
“	Tegula x 4	345	
“	Imbrex x 3	220	
Test Pit 24	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;518188,301187
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2401.2	Clay pipe stem x 1	5	
“	Greyware x 1	3	
“	Cream ware x 1	3	
2401.3	Tesserae x 2 - Stone	32	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	22	
“	Greyware x 1	12	
“	Brick x 1 - Roman	304	
“	CBM x 14	228	
Test Pit 25	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20	Location?
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2502.1	Tooth x 1 - sheep	3	
“	Bone x 2	2	
“	Pipe stem x 1	2	
“	Tesserae x 2 - Stone	22	
“	Greyware x 4	14	
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	13	
“	CBM x 25	311	

Site Code: PETRFR 14

Test Pit A	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.40	Location;518218,301815
Context	Artefact	Weight	

1	Bone x 1	3	Light brown redeposited gravel
“	Greyware x 4	51	
“	CBM x 10	398	
1D	Tesserae x 2 – Cer.	30	Loose Medium brown sandy clay. Occasional small stones. TP ‘D’ was through JCB backfill & access ramp to ROFR 2014.
“	Tessera x 1 - Stone	6	
“	Mussel shell x1	1	
“	Greyware x 2	8	
“	Nene valley CC x 1	10	
“	CBM x 5	54	
“	Tooth x1 - Sheep	3	
“	Bone x 1	3	
D1	Greyware x 8	91	
“	Shell tempered ware x	43	
“	Imbrex x 5	714	
“	Box Flue x 1	47	
“	Bone x	22	
“	Oyster shells x 2	49	
“	Mussel shells x 3	13	

Test Pit B1	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location;518209,301818
Context	Artefact	Weight	Wall foundation?
B1	Mortar x 2	80	Compact medium brown silty clay. Backfill of ROFR.
“	CBM x 10	337	
“	Tesserae x 8 – Cer.	132	
B2	Brick x 8 - Roman	1979	Black, compact ash.
“	Box Flue x 1	106	
B1 backfill	Bone x 1	3	
“	Shell tempered ware x	13	
“	Mortar x 2	80	
“	CBM x 10	337	
“	Tesserae x 8 - Ceramic	132	
Test Pit C	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;518201,301819
Context			
C1	Oyster shells x 2	10	Friable/soft mid greyish brown clayey sit. Rare small and medium sub angular limestone, poorly sorted. Machined backfill of ROFR 2014.
“	Tooth x 1 - cow	32	
“	Greyware x 6	68	
“	Modern mortar x 4	357	
“	Box flue x 4	196	

“	CBM x 4	183	Mid orangey brown sandy silt, soft and friable. 10% small and medium sub angular limestone – wall rubble & CBM. Roman date wall or wall foundation.
“	Tegula x 1	373	
“	Box flue x 2	710	
“	Mortar & part of	357	
3C	Tooth x 1 - horse	15	
“	Cream ware x 1	118	
“	Oyster shells x 2	26	
“	Tegula x 2	413	
“	Imbrex x 1	188	
“	CBM x 3	99	
“	Tufa x 1	255	
“	Teeth x 3	7	
“	Tesserae x 5 - Ceramic	78	
“	Tesserae x 3 - Stone	37	
“	Greyware x 3	18	
“	Mortar x 2	190	
“	Mortar x 6	164	
“	Painted Wall Plaster x 1	9	
“	CBM x 15	442	

Site Code: PETFAR 15

Test Pit 1	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;518223,301822
Context	Artefact	Weight	
101	Tesserae x 2 - Stone	34	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	16	
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	11	
“	Greyware x 1	4	
“	Modern nails x 10	66	
102	Clay pipe stem x 1	8	
“	Tesserae x 2 - Ceramic	35	
“	CBM x 17	648	
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	7	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Stone	27	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	11	
“	Roman mortar x 1	3	
103	Oyster Shell x 1	1	
“	Bone x 2	11	

“	CBM x 2	94	
“	Tesserae x 3 - Ceramic	50	

Test Pit 2	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location; 518257,301820
Context	Artefact	Weight	
201	Clay pipe stem x 3	3	
“	Bone x 3	35	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	17	
“	Tooth x 1 - sheep	<1	
“	Pottery x 5 - Modern	36	
“	CBM x 2	157	
“	Modern nails x 2	18	
“	Pottery x 4 - Modern	13	
“	CBM x 6	178	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Stone	16	
“	Nene Valley x 1	1	
“	Greyware x 2	10	
202	Nene Valley CC x 1	4	
“	Shell tempered ware x 3	36	
“	Clay pipe stem x 1	<1	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	13	
“	Modern nail x 1	4	
“	CBM x 6	234	

202	Bone x 1	<1	
“	Samian x 1	<1	
203	Pottery x 4 - Iron Age?	39	
Test Pit 3	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;518255,301823
Context			
300	Box Flue x 2	106	
“	CBM x 2	34	
“	Mortar x 1	13	
“	Pottery x 2 - Modern	25	
301	Nails x 3	14	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Stone	18	
“	CBM x 3	81	
“	Pottery x 3 - Modern	22	

302	Clay pipe stem x 1	<1	
“	Modern pottery x 2	14	
“	Roman mortar x 2	16	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Stone	14	

Test Pit 4	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.40m	Location;518235,301793
Context	Artefact	Weight	
402	Roman mortar x 2	5	
“	CBM x 5	60	
“	Pottery x 3 - Modern	17	
“	Nails x 2	3	
403	Nene Valley CC x 1	10	
404	CBM x 1	50	
“	Roman mortar x 1	3	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	6	
Test Pit 5	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location; 518260,301799
Context			
501	Modern nails x 3	22	
“	Slag x 6	78	
“	Greyware x 1	2	
502	Nails x 5	52	
“	Bone x 1	15	
“	CBM x 9	521	
“	Modern pottery x 11	63	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Stone	15	
“	Oyster shell x 1	1	

Test Pit 6	Size; 1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location;518307,301760
Context	Artefact	Weight	
601	CBM x 3	36	
“	Modern nails x 2	7	
“	Pottery x 3 P/Med	8	
602	CBM x 5	376	
“	Pottery x 2 - Modern	41	
“	Nene Valley CC x 3	9	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	4	
“	Greyware x 1	5	
Test Pit 9	Size;1 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location;518170,301762
Context			

901	Nene Valley CC x 2	23	
“	Bone x 1	2	
“	CBM x 4	229	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	12	
902	Tooth x 1 - pig	4	
“	Oyster shells x 6	59	
“	CBM x 33	1957	
“	Tesserae x 1 - Ceramic	11	
“	Cream ware x 4	34	
“	Shell tempered ware x 8	96	
“	Nene Valley CC x 8	31	
“	Greyware x 8	111	
“	Samian x 1	4	
“	Pottery x 16 -	79	
“	Box Flue x 1	111	
“	Imbrex x 1	80	
“	Roman mortar x 1	9	
“	Tooth x 1 - horse	9	
“	Modern nail x 1	4	

Site Code: PETFAR 16

Test Pit 3	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.10m	Location; 518244,301824
Context 1	Artefact	Weight	
301	Bone x 3	193	Fine brown loose topsoil.
“	Tesserae x 3	58	
“	Modern pottery x 4	12	
“	Pipe x 1	1	
“	CBM x 16	395	
“	Greyware x 4	39	
“	Shell tempered ware x	8	
Test Pit 4	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	
Context	Artefact	Weight	
401	CBM x 10	170	Soft brownish brown sandy silt. Rare stones poorly sorted.
“	Greyware x 3	29	
“	Modern pottery x 2		
“	Sandy ware x 1	16	

“	Box flue x 1	8	Compact yellowish brown sandy clay. Small and medium stones – rare.
“	Oyster x 1	4	
402	Modern nails x 3	14	
“	CBM x 6	218	
“	Tegula x 1	193	
“	Shell tempered ware x 3	26	
“	Tesserae x 1	8	
“	Greyware x 6	43	
402	Bone x 3	27	
“	Oyster shell x 1	4	
403	Oyster shells x 3	64	Compact light yellowish brown clayey sand. Moderate stones and flint, poorly sorted.
“	Bone x 1	23	
“	CBM x 6	475	
“	Imbrex x 1	50	
“	Greyware x 5	69	
“	Samian x 1	12	
“	Cream ware x 1	7	
Test Pit 5	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	
Context	Artefact	Weight	
501	Pipe x 1	3	Friable mid brown topsoil.
“	Nene Valley CC x 4	27	
“	Post med pottery x 1	4	
“	Salt glaze pottery sherd x 1	15	
“	Modern nails x 2	5	
“	CBM x 10	182	
“	Mortarium sherd x 1	18	
“	Shell tempered ware x 1	11	
“	Greyware x 1	14	
502	Greyware x 4	16	
“	Modern nail x 1	5	
“	Cream ware x 2	15	
“	CBM x 10	239	
“	Post med pot	14	
“	Nene Valley x 3	16	
“	Shell tempered ware x 3	17	
“	Part pipe bowl x 1	2	

Test Pit 6	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.40m	Location;518250,301724	
Context	Artefact	Weight		
601	Box flue x 3	219	Soft light orangey brown silty clay. Moderate small stones, rare large stones, poorly sorted. General rubbish from topsoil and allotments.	
“	CBM x 6	155		
601	Imbrex x 2	94		
“	Tegula x 1	76		
“	Modern pottery x 6	48		
“	Modern tile x 3	32		
“	Tesserae x 3 -	39		
“	Tesserae x 1 - Stone	13		
“	Nene Valley x 2	28		
“	Nail x 1	2		
“	Shell tempered ware x	21		
“	Bone x 4	28		
602	Tesserae x 9 - Ceramic	161		Light brown, soft silty clay. Topsoil.
“	CBM x 2	30		
603	Tesserae x 5 - Ceramic	87	Light orangey brown soft clayey silt.	
“	CBM x 14	595		
“	Greyware x 9	66		
“	Floor tile x 1	63		
“	Oyster x 1	10		
“	Modern tile x 1	58		
“	Tooth - sheep x 1	3		
“	Bone x 1	26		
“	Cream ware x 1	8		
“	Post med pottery x 1	6		
“	Imbrex x 1	103		
“	Tegula x 2	119		
604	Oyster x 3	64		Light orangey brown soft sit.
“	Tooth - cow x 1	18		
“	Shell tempered ware x 9	212		
“	Greyware x 5	100		
“	Imbrex x 1	48		

Test Pit 7	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.10m	Location;518195,301730
Context	Artefact	Weight	
701	Modern nails x 5	40	
“	Bone x 1	3	

“	Modern tile x 1	13	
“	CBM x 9	553	
“	Modern pot x 1	5	
“	Tesserae (stone) x 2	35	
“	Tesserae (ceramic) x 5	80	
“	Box flue x 1	122	
Test Pit 8	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.50m	Location;518193,30174
Context	Artefact	Weight	
801	CBM x 7	164	Compact mid brown silty clay, topsoil.
“	Modern tile x 11	113	
“	Modern metal knife x 1	40	
“	Nail x 1	8	
“	Modern pottery x 1	4	
“	Bone x 1	< 1	
804	Modern tile	14	Compact dark blackish brown silty clay.
“	CBM x 10	211	Modern bonfire.
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	42	
“	Modern nails x 3	28	
“	Tesserae (ceramic) x 1	17	
“	Teeth x 2	12	
“	Oyster x 2	13	
“	Button x 1	6	
“	Modern pottery x 1	2	
805	CBM x 5	185	Dark greyish brown silty clay, 90% limestone, heavily cemented. Possible natural/rubble.
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	1	
“	Imbrex x 1	90	
TP10	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.10m	Location;518170,301756
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1001	CBM x 1	13	
“	Modern tile x 1	2	
“	Modern pot x 2	6	
“	Modern Nail x 1	3	
Test Pit 11	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.20m	Location;518126,301724
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1101	CBM x 2	81	Light brown fine pebbly topsoil.
“	Nene Valley CC x 2	13	
“	Modern pot x 4	15	
“	Post med pot x 1	10	

1101	Cream ware x 1	8	
1102	CBM x 12	385	Stoney subsoil.
	Nene Valley CC x 3	11	Sandy subsoil, flint and stones.
	Modern pot x 3	8	
	Greyware x 2	29	
	Bone x 1	11	
	Cream ware x 1	5	
Test Pit 13	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.10m	Location;518124,301731
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1301	Nails x 2	8	Loose mid yellowish brown sandy silt.
“	Modern tile x 1	15	
“	CBM x 9	433	
“	Nene Valley CC x 1	15	
“	Shell tempered ware x 2	20	
“	Tesserae (c) x 1	13	
“	Greyware x 1	5	
“	Bone x 1	1	
Test Pit 14	Size;2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.30m	Location;
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1401	Modern Nails x 3	41	Loose brown sandy clay, rare sub angular stones.
“	CBM x 7	127	
“	Nene Valley CC x 3	31	
“	Greyware x 1	14	
“	Box flue x 1	10	
“	Bone x 1	1	
“	Nene Valley x 3	31	
“	Greyware x 1	14	
“	Box flue x 1	10	
“	Bone x 1	1	
1403	Greyware x 3	26	Compact medium yellow sandy silt. Moderate sub angular stones.
“	Nene Valley CCx 2	26	

Site Code: PETFAR 17

Test Pit 1	Size; 3 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.55m	Location;518195,01810
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1/01	NVCC x 1	4	Firm medium brown sandy silt. Small stones and gravel, poorly sorted. Topsoil.
“	Greyware x 2	15	
“	Sandy ware x 1	6	

“	CBM x 11	234	
1/02	-	-	Firm medium brown clayey silt. Subsoil
1/03	Med pot x 2	12	Firm medium brown clayey silt. Subsoil
“	SHTW x 1	9	
“	Greyware x 1	6	
“	CBM x 1	46	
1/04	SHTW x 1	10	
“	NVCC x 3	20	
“	Sandy ware x 1	12	
“	CBM x 26	549	
“	Imbrex x 3	142	
“	Oyster shell x 3	89	
“	Tesserae x 9	190	
1/05	Greyware x 6	45	Friable, pale brown silty sand. Occasional small flint and stones, poorly sorted.
“	Sandy ware x 1	6	
“	Tegula x 1	59	
“	Tesserae x 9	152	
“	Painted plaster x 1	9	

Test Pit 2	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.50	Location; 518201,301811
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2/01	-	-	Firm medium reddish brown sandy silt.
2/02	Tesserae x 4	86	Firm medium greyish brown sandy silt.
2/03	Tesserae x 1	17	Firm medium greyish brown clayey silt.
2/04	-	-	Hard medium greyish brown clayey silt.
2/05	Clay pipe x 1	4	Firm medium brown Sandy silt. Moderate small stones, flint and gravel poorly sorted.
“	Greyware x 1	20	
“	CBM x 1	48	
“	Tesserae x 6	85	
Test Pit 3	Size; 2 x 1	Avg. Depth; 0.60m	Location; 518204,301812
Context	Artefact	Weight	
3/01	Nene Valley x 1	5	Friable medium brown sandy silt. Small stones.
“	NVCC x 1	4	
“	Tesserae x 23	357	
3/02	NVCC x 3	51	Friable medium brown sandy silt. Small stones.
“	Sandy ware x 1	7	
“	CBM x 3	24	
“	Tegula x 2	75	
“	Tesserae x 17	254	

3/03	Tesserae x 18	519	Friable medium brown sandy silt.
3/04	Nene Valley x 2	12	Friable medium brown sandy silt.
3/05	Nene Valley x 2	15	Friable medium brown sandy silt. Small stones.
“	Tegula x 1	28	
“	Imbrex x 1	210	
3/05	Tesserae x 2	22	Friable medium brown sandy silt.
3/06	SHTW x 1	4	Friable medium brown sandy silt.
“	Nene Valley x 1	1	
“	NVCC x 1	2	
“	Greyware x 1	9	
“	CBM x 4	80	
“	Tesserae x 4	80	

Site Code: PETFAR 19

Test Pit 1	Size; 4 x 1.5	Avg. Depth; 0.60m	Location; 518195,301810
Context	Artefact	Weight	
1001	Greyware x 2	10	Firm medium greyish brown clayey silt. Occasional small/medium stones & flint, poorly sorted. Topsoil, mixed modern rubbish.
“	Cream ware x 2	16	
“	CBM x 12	265	
1004	SHTW x 3	36	Firm medium brown clayey silt. As above.
“	Nene Valley x 1	11	
“	Greyware x 5	47	
“	Cream ware x 2	16	
“	CBM x 67	1387	
1005	SHTW x 2	42	Firm medium brown clayey silt
“	NVCC x 4	33	
“	Greyware x 7	107	
“	CBM x 47	2232	
1006	SHTW x 7	67	Firm medium brown clayey silt
“	Samian x 1	21	
1006	Nene Valley x 1	6	Soft pale yellowish brown sandy silt. Remains of mortar?
“	NVCC x 6	75	
“	Greyware x 27	291	
“	Sandy ware x 3	41	
“	CBM x 136	6174	
“	Tegula x 1	213	
“	Imbrex x 1	101	
“	Oyster shell x 4	108	

“	Tesserae x 3	39	
“	Painted plaster x 27	1151	

Test Pit 2	Size; 2 x 2	Avg. Depth; 0.50m	Location; 518204,301819
Context	Artefact	Weight	
2002	SHTW x 2	49	Firm medium greyish brown clayey silt, backfill of ROFR 2014. (2001) was the same. This layer was also under the terram.
“	Nene Valley x 1	12	
“	NVCC x 3	56	
“	Greyware x 6	54	
“	CBM x 54	1998	
“	Mortar x 1	1253	
“	Tegula x 1	492	
“	Oyster shell x 10	19	
2003			Soft greyish black burned layer.
2006	Opus-sig mortar 1	2753	Fill of robber trench
2007	SHTW x 4	38	Loose medium greyish brown sandy silt, fill of robber trench
“	NVCC x 4	24	
“	Cream ware x 1	72	
“	Sandy ware x 1	6	
“	Mortaria x 1	141	
“	CBM x 42	2175	
“	Flue tile x 7	1200	
“	Tesserae x 1	11	
2008	CBM x 62	1947	Hard pale orangey yellow mortared floor, CBM and roof tile mortared in.
“	Tegula x 2	2153	

Appendix c. Selection of section drawings.

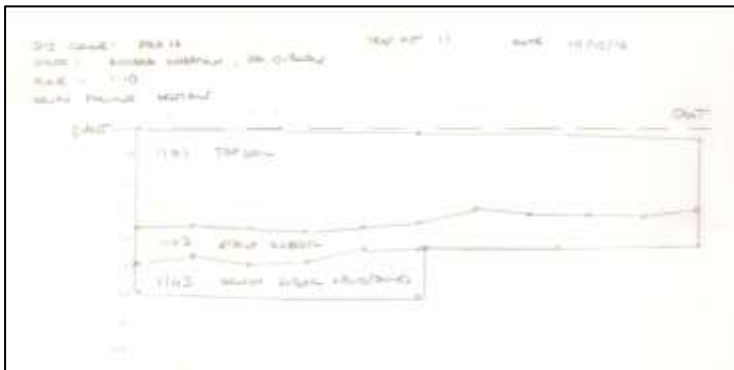


Figure 8. South Facing Section of TP11 in 2016.

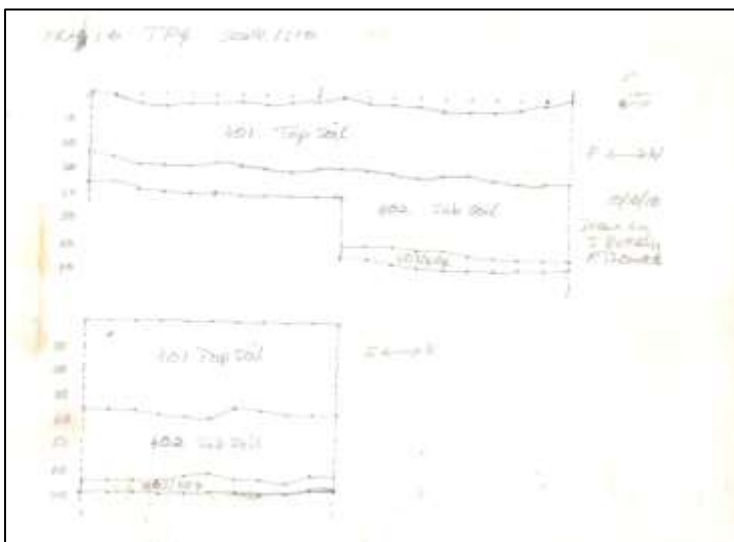


Figure 9, North and East Facing Sections of TP4 in 2016.

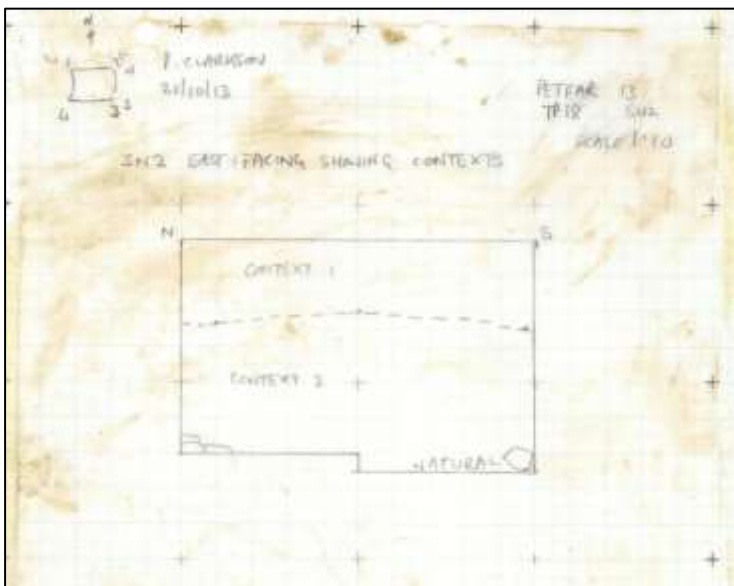


Figure 10, East Facing Section of TP4 in 2013.